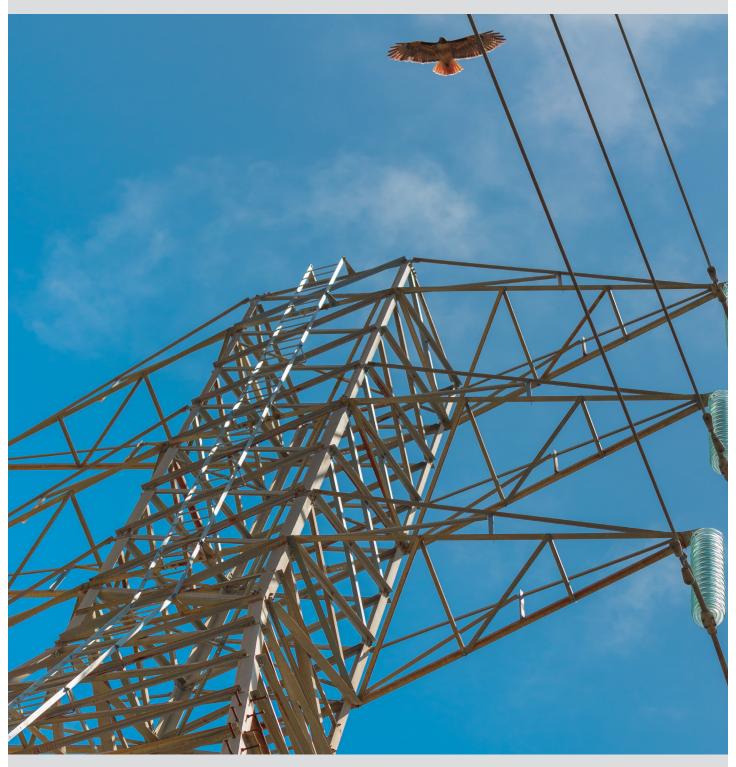


Public Safety Power Shutoff Annex

FOR CALIFORNIA COUNTY OFFICES OF EDUCATION

California County Superintendents Educational Services Association



Published by the Business and Administration Steering Committee (BASC) of the California County Superintendents' Educational Services Association (CCSESA)

Contents

Purpose1
PSPS Planning Considerations3
PSPS Notification Timeline Considerations4
PSPS - 001 PSPS Preparation - Establishing Contacts6
PSPS – 002 PSPS Preparation – Preparing Parents / Families7
PSPS – 003 PSPS Preparation – Electronic Communication11
PSPS – 004 PSPS Preparation – Decision Matrix & Considerations12
PSPS – 005 PSPS Preparation – Continuation of Government Functions*14
PSPS – 006 PSPS Preparation – Identify Continuation of Government Personnel16
PSPS – 007 PSPS Preparation – Purchasing/Vendors17
PSPS – 008 PSPS Preparation – Facility Preparation18
PSPS – 009 PSPS Event – Coordination & Management19
PSPS - 010 Post PSPS Event - After Action & Improvement Plan20
PSPS - 011 Post PSPS Event - Submit J-13A form to California Department of Education22



Public Power Safety Shutoff Annex

BASC Members and partners who contributed to the PSPS Guide

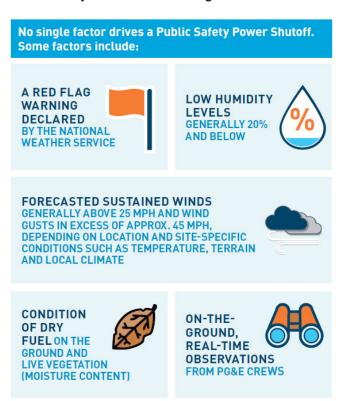
Fernie Marroquin, Ed.D., Tulare COE	Lisa Anderson, Butte COE
Janet Riley, Merced COE	Patty Banuelos, Orange County Dept of Ed
Tommy Welch, Solano COE	Michelle Buell, Lake COE
Dean West, Orange County Dept of Ed	Thomas Cassida, San Bernardino COE
Carlos Zamora, Imperial COE	Mary Downey, Sonoma COE
David Mathe, Consultant	Matthew Juchniewicz, Yolo COE
Chair: Sheldon K. Smith, Ed.D., San Luis Obispo County Office of Education	Misty Key, Ventura COE

Purpose

Purpose

This planning document outlines planning objectives and procedures to provide guidance for county offices of education (COEs), their member school districts, and coordination with COEs' regional partners in the event of a planned power outage (de-energization of electrical systems), also known as a **Public Safety Power Shutoff** (**PSPS**). This is a supporting document or annex to existing <u>CCSESA Emergency Recovery Guide for California County Offices of Education</u>, and the CCSESA Technology Steering Committee Information Technology Disaster Recovery Plan.

Public Safety Power Shutoff Background



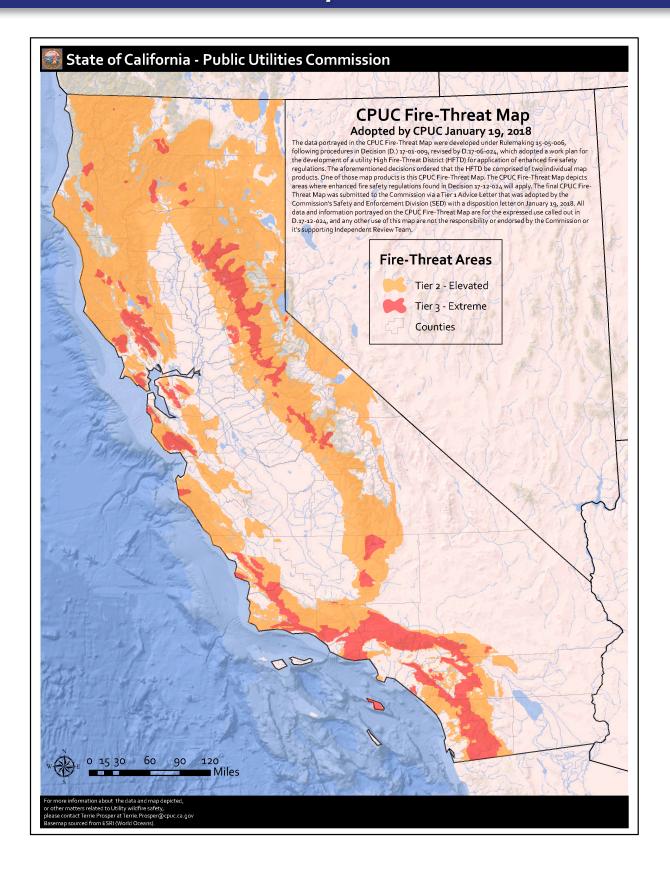
California has experienced unprecedented wildfire activity in recent years. The California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) adopted de-energization guidelines on June 4, 2018, authorizing Pacific Gas and Electric (PG&E) and Southern California Edison (SCE) to improve community safety by allowing PG&E and SCE to de-energize portions of their electrical systems in cases of significant fire threat. The threat of a PSPS will continue until the PG&E and SCE transmission and distribution grid can be "hardened."

Although the CPUC gave PG&E and SCE permission to de-energize local distribution lines, the June 4, 2018 guidelines incorporated the de-energization of transmission lines affecting the energy distribution to entire California regions in other parts of the state.

A PSPS will most probably result from weather conditions affecting the electrical system in areas defined by the CPUC as Tier 2 (Elevated) or Tier 3 (Extreme) risk areas (see map CPUC_Fire-Threat_Map_final.pdf).

The factors considered in a decision to initiate a PSPS include high temperatures, high/gusting winds, and low relative humidity. Any decision to initiate a PSPS could be based on a geographic area well outside of the service area.

Purpose



PSPS Planning Considerations

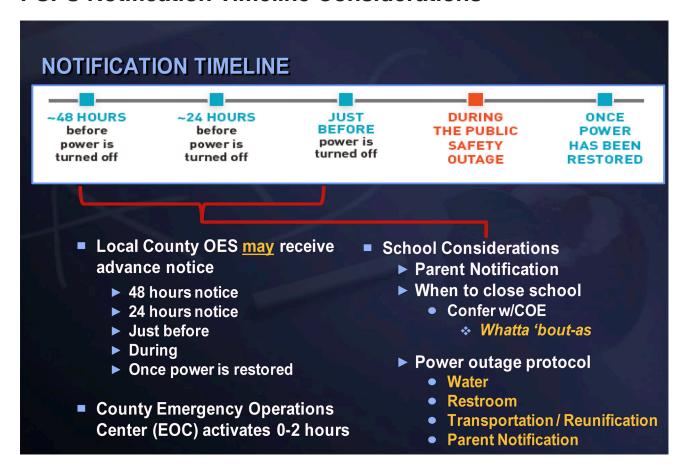
PSPS Planning Considerations

Unlike natural disasters that provide no advance notice, PSPSs are intended to include a notification timeline since the energy companies monitor the qualifying PSPS triggers (Red Flag warning, humidity levels, winds, fuels, real-time observations). A PSPS can last from hours to consecutive days depending on the severity of the triggers. Subsequently, schools should have various contingencies for a prolonged five-plus-day power loss and re-energizing activities. Planning considerations for a prolonged PSPS are the following:

\cup	Contingency plan/protocol for a PSPS called before a school day
O	Contingency plan/protocol for a PSPS called during a school day
O	Decision matrix for a full-district vs. partial-district closure
O	Contingency plan for child nutrition/food service food storage during a PSPS
O	Proactive parent notification/communication
O	Proactive staff notification/communication
O	Mid-PSPS event parent communication
O	Mid-PSPS event staff communication
O	Contingency plan for continuation of government (payroll processing, purchasing, warehousing)
O	Identification of essential vs. nonessential personnel.
\circ	I-13 attendance waiver management

PSPS Notification Timeline Considerations

PSPS Notification Timeline Considerations



Electrical power utilities have indicated that the notification window period can vary from no notice to 48 hours per PSPS. Subsequently, school emergency planners should have the following considerations in place:

24-48 Hours' Notice – Whether to close school:

- Prepare for a PSPS by developing a decision matrix on whether to keep schools open or closed.
 - O The decision matrix should have the following considerations:
 - Decision to close the entire district, or specifically the affected school sites (depending on district size).
 - Determination of whether school is the safest place for students during a PSPS. If so, what type of program to offer (reduced day, regular day).
 - Student safety traveling to/from school in the event of a mid-day PSPS
 - Student transportation during a mid-day PSPS.
 - Student/parent reunification during a mid-day PSPS.
 - Student/parent/staff communication during a mid-day PSPS.
 - Any previous J-13 waivers for ADA and/or instructional minutes.

PSPS Notification Timeline Considerations

• Availability of emergency/disaster days built into the district work calendar (e.g., snow/fog days).

	• Consideration for after-school events/programs (ASES, YMCA, sports, etc.).
	Establish a protocol for no power at 5:30 a.m. on a school day.
	O Staff notification including transportation and food service.
	O Food service supply receiving contingency.
	Establish a protocol/conduit/method for the district superintendent to communicate with school constituencies via local radio, TV, district website, auto dialer, school-site postings/distribution.
	Parent notification with contingencies for a no-notification PSPS
	O Auto dialer/auto email scripts written in advance
	Contingency for food storage
	Contingency for drop-n-dash students at school sites
	Predetermined developed plans for a no-notice PSPS (below)
No-No	tice PSPS – Continuing the School Day:
	event of a no-notice immediate PSPS affecting multiple school sites, or a power outage affecting one school anners should take into account the following considerations:
	Water source: Well pump affected during PSPS or municipal water running from generators.
	O Well water: Open purchase order previously established for portable toilets.
	O Well water: Potable water: bottled water from district central kitchen/locally stored, or Open Purchase Order to a water delivery company.
	Fire watch*: school site protocol for designating a fire watch employee when fire alarms are not functional/unpredictable without power.
	Transportation notification: Contingency for notifying parents about the bus schedule and reunification contingency.
	Food service/child nutrition: Breakfast/lunches served depending on time of day.
	Written communication regarding the following school day (school open/closure contingency, e.g., No power at 0700) printed in advance for distribution
does no tional S	ratch: Fire watch is when a person is assigned to keep watch on hot work and fire hazards in an area that of have automatic fire warning systems or fire suppression systems. See US Department of Labor/Occupa-Safety and Health Administration requirements for established policy, assignment, and training at https://sha.gov/laws-regs/regulations/standardnumber/1915/1915.504

** Consult with your local fire agency as local regulations might require different actions.

PSPS – 001 PSPS Preparation – Establishing Contacts

Date Implemented: 1 August 2020 Date Revised: 1 August 2020

Prepare for a PSPS by identifying and establishing key communication contacts **before an event**. During large scale events, COE/district leadership will rely on the energy company and the county office of emergency services (OES) for accurate, sound information during the PSPS. A COE/district should not post/communicate PSPS information that is inconsistent with the county office of emergency services and local power provider public messaging.

Establish a PSPS contact with the COE's/district's energy provider	
Identify circuits in school district	
Create circuit listing (example below)	
Establish contact with the COE's/district's county office of emergency services (OES).	
Establish "continuation of government" contact with local county officials/county office of education for procurement and payroll processing.	
Establish protocols/procedures for superintendent to communicate with affected parties utilizing available platforms:	
O Parents	
O Staff	
O Local radio / TV	
O District website	
O Auto dialer	
O School site posting/distribution	

Example School District Circuit Listing:

Customer Name	Site	Serv Acct Address
Goleta Union High School District	Brandon	192 Brandon St.
Goleta Union High School District	District Office	401 N. Fairview Ave.
Goleta Union High School District	El Camino	5020 San Simeon Dr.
Goleta Union High School District	El Rancho	Anacona/Mirano
Goleta Union High School District	Ellwood	7686 Hollister Ave.
Goleta Union High School District	Foothill	711 Ribera Dr.
Goleta Union High School District	Hollister	4950 Anita Ln.
Goleta Union High School District	Isla Vista	6875 El Colegio Rd.
Goleta Union High School District	Kellogg	475 Cambridge Dr.

PSPS – 002 PSPS Preparation – Preparing Parents / Families

Date Implemented: 1 August 2020 Date Revised: 1 A	Date Implemented:	1 August 2020	Date Revised: 1	August 2020
---	-------------------	---------------	-----------------	-------------

PSPS events are especially difficult because of the obstacles in communicating with students, parents, families and
the public without electricity to power COEs/district's normal communication methods. Therefore, notification
should be written and communicated before a PSPS by doing the following:

should be written and communicated before a PSPS by doing the following:		
☐ Writing and distributing a proactive PSPS event letter to parents.		
☐ Writing and distributing a proactive PSPS event letter to staff.		
☐ Preparing and posting proactive PSPS information to the school district's website.		
Example Parent Letter		
Dear [district] Parents/Guardians,		
[Name of energy company] has written a plan to shut off power to our local region when high risk wildfin conditions occur:		
☐ Winds of 25 mph or more with gusts in excess of 45+ mph		
☐ Low humidity		
☐ Dry fuel/vegetation		
[Name of energy company] refers to this event as a Public Safety Power Shutoff (PSPS), and it is used to		

[Name of energy company] refers to this event as a Public Safety Power Shutoff (PSPS), and it is used to avoid a wildland fire sparked by power lines.

As a school district, student and staff safety are our highest concern. The loss of electrical power will affect our schools. We have developed the following plan for when a local PSPS takes place:

- 1. If power is shut down during the school day, the school would remain in session until the end of the normal school day. After-hours school events that require use of power will be canceled.
- 2. If/when it becomes known that the next day(s) will be without power, school will be canceled.

The factors leading to the decision to cancel school if a known outage will occur:

Many traffic signals will be out, making bus and vehicle traffic more dangerous.
Fire alarm systems will lose power after approximately 24 hours.
Emergency services (police/fire/paramedic) may be strained during these events.
Maintaining nutrition services will be difficult because of lack of refrigeration.
Home-school communications will have limitations.

We encourage all families to have reserve food and water supplies, and to follow all guidance and suggestions from [insert energy company name] as well as local authorities.

Finally, on each day of the event, we will make every possible attempt to update our families on the status of school for the following day. It is imperative that the schools have your accurate contact information. Please update your cell number and email address in [district's parent communication system] or contact

your school's secretary if you need help. In addition, please download the [district name's] mobile app from your provider's app store and register for an account; much of our communication during a PSPS will be conveyed by the app.

We will continue to monitor PSPS circumstances and keep you informed.

Sincerely,

[district superintendent signature]

Example Staff Communication

Good morning,

Further clarification about the [name of energy company] potential for a Public Safety Power Shutoff (PSPS).

If/when school is canceled for a full day, staff will not need to report to work. We are reasonably confident that we will be funded through an emergency waiver from the California Department of Education, so we would not need to make up the lost day(s) of school at the end of the year.

This is a new, somewhat fluid state policy. In the future, if we receive word from the state that an emergency waiver is not allowed, we would enter into discussions with CTA and CSEA to deal with that development. For now, there is no reason to develop make-up schedules or expect that we will need to do so.

Example Web Page Text

Emergency Preparedness

[Name of school district] School District continuously plans and prepares for emergencies that could interrupt the school day for students. We want to make sure that you are fully informed of our Emergency Operations Plan.

Emergency Contacts:

IMPORTANT: At the beginning of every school year, you receive a number of forms to complete. The online registration or Homelink account includes your emergency contact information. It is VITAL that we have accurate contact information so you can be reached in case of an emergency.

In the event of an emergency, DO NOT COME TO THE SCHOOL UNLESS DIRECTED TO DO SO.

You will be contacted via text, email, phone, and push notification in the [name of district] mobile app. School staff will stay with your child until you, or an adult you previously authorized, can pick up your child. When you arrive at the school, staff will help you properly sign out your student.

Reunification

Students may be moved to another location to provide better and more direct care. The district administration and emergency personnel will make this decision based on current conditions, including building safety and the length of time that students may need to remain in the care of school staff. If relocation is necessary, schools will alert parents, informing you about where your child is being cared for. This information will also be posted on the district's website and provided to the media.

School Site Emergency Plan

School sites plan how to respond and recover from an emergency, disaster or event resulting in the disruption of normal school operations.

The district and our emergency responders work together to conduct districtwide trainings and update every school's safety plan. Your school's emergency plan may be viewed in the school's main office.

If your child has special needs that require additional assistance in an emergency, you can work with school staff to develop an individualized emergency plan.

Example Press Release

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Date:

Contact: Public Information Officer at ###-###, email address

(Insert name of jurisdiction) Responds to [energy company name] Potential Power Shut-Off with Advanced Preparation

[Insert name of jurisdiction] –[Name of energy company] has notified [insert name of jurisdiction] that they may activate their Public Safety Power Shut-Off protocols because of extreme weather, and could initiate a power shutdown in the [city/ unincorporated area of name] of [county name] County within the next 24 hours. [insert name of jurisdiction] is ready to respond to the effects of the power outage; however, only [power company name] decides when to turn *off* the power and manages how quickly it is restored.

The [insert name of jurisdiction] has developed a Public Safety Power Shutoff Contingency Plan that has been put into motion. You can check whether your home is in an area where power may be shut off on the {name of energy company] website: https://finsert URL.com]

[Insert name of jurisdiction] officials remind residents and visitors that it is important to have a plan. FEMA recommends taking steps to prepare for a power outage, including:

Review your evacuation and communication plan -

- Identify several evacuation routes for your location in case roads are blocked, and tell someone out of the area which routes you plan to use.
- If you will evacuate by car, keep your car fueled and ready to go.
- Make a list of what you'll want to take with you if you leave your home quickly. Consider the five Ps of
 evacuation:
- 1) People/pets; 2) Prescriptions; 3) Papers; 4) Personal needs; 5) Priceless items
- Talk to your medical provider about a power outage plan for medical devices that require electricity and refrigerated medicines. Plan for batteries and other alternatives to meet your needs when the power goes out.
- Review the supplies that are available in case of a power outage. Have flashlights with extra batteries for every household member. Have enough nonperishable food and water.
- Use a thermometer in the refrigerator and freezer so that you can know the temperature when the power is restored. Discard food if the temperature is 40 degrees or higher.

- Keep mobile phones and other electric equipment charged and gas tanks full.
- Know how to manually open electric garage doors and gates.

For more information, including what to do during a power outage, visit www.ready.gov.

Make sure you can receive updated information from [energy company name] by updating your contact information at [energy company website]

PSPS – 003 PSPS Preparation – Electronic Communication

Date Implemented: 1 August 2020 Date Revised: 1 August 2020

Many COEs and school districts utilize electronic services for parent and staff communication. Although automated attendance tracking auto-dialers and substitute teacher notification services are not designed for emergency communication, most of these services can be used for mass notification. These services are especially useful during a PSPS because they are physically housed in areas not affected by a local PSPS. The COE or district administrators can access these systems remotely during a PSPS warning period, or during a PSPS outage, making them a valuable communication tool.

king them a valuable communication tool.		
	Prepare notification scripts and upload to the COE's/district's parent communication system/auto dialer.	
	Prepare district webpage notifications and upload to web server, but hide the page so it can be easily activated remotely during a PSPS warning or PSPS event.	

PSPS – 004 PSPS Preparation – Decision Matrix & Considerations

Date Implemented: 1 August 2020 Date Revised: 1 August 2020

The period between a PSPS warning and a PSPS event could be fraught with indecision regarding whether to continue with a normal school day, or to proactively cancel school. In areas that have numerous factors to consider, many emergency managers use a decision matrix listing various decision points as well as describing the underlying criteria used. Weights are assigned to specific criteria.

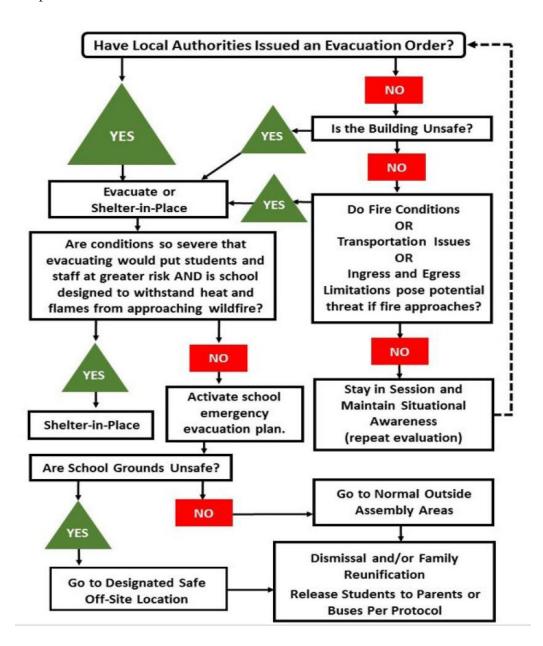


- ☐ Formulate a PSPS school closure decision matrix utilizing the following considerations:
 - O Decision to close the entire district, or specifically the affected school sites (depending on district size).
 - O Determination of whether school is the safest place for students during a PSPS. If so, what type of program to offer (reduced day, regular day).
 - O Student safety traveling to/from school in the event of a mid-day PSPS.
 - O Student transportation during a mid-day PSPS.
 - O Student/parent reunification during a mid-day PSPS.
 - O Student/parent/Staff communication during a mid-day PSPS.
 - O Any previous J-13 waivers for ADA and/or instructional minutes.
 - O Availability of "emergency days" in collective bargaining agreements/district calendars.

- O Consideration for after-school events/programs (ASES, YMCA, sports, etc.).
- O Impacts to fire suppression alarms and water supply system.
- O Impacts to water and wastewater systems.
- ☐ Include a decision point to contact the county superintendent and the county office of emergency services manager to communicate the district's decision and contingencies.

Example Decision Matrix

Below is an example of a fire-evacuate decision matrix:



PSPS – 005 PSPS Preparation – Continuation of Government Functions*

Date Implemente	d: 1 August 2020 Date Revised: 1 August 2020
During a PSPS eve	nt, certain critical functions driven by statute, deadlines, and/or nature requires specific staff
•	duty despite the lack of electricity.
☐ Ident	tify mission critical <u>functions</u> during a PSPS:
О	Oversight:
	Incident commander/incident chief/public information officer
	 Provides oversight and direction during a PSPS
	 Acts as PIO to staff, students, parents, community
	Primary contact to county office of emergency services
0	Payroll:
	Finance system access
	Printer/folder/sealer functionality
	• Continuation of government primary contact access (cell, email, in-person) at the county treasury or county office of education
	Identified delivery method(s) to county treasury
	• Electrical power delivery from generator (e.g., extension cord management/safety)
0	Purchasing (required supplies, fuel during a PSPS)
О	Vendor maintenance
О	Infrastructure:
	IT data backup/recovery
	IP telephony connectivity/functionality (if any)
	Water (well or municipal)
	• Communication channels (website, social media, auto dialer, etc.)
0	Facilities:
	Swimming pools
	Freezer/refrigerator power
	Generator monitoring/fuel management

Building security

- Food/perishables management (relocate perishables drivers)
- Essential personnel safety (lighting, electricity relocation, etc.)
- O Student Health
- O Refrigerated medicine management
- O County office of emergency services (COE only)
 - Communication with school district representatives
- ☐ Establish PSPS functions/operations organizational chart
 - O Similar to district emergency operations flowchart

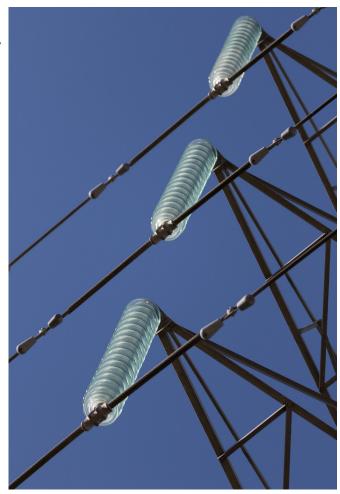
^{*} Continuity of Government was developed during WWII in reaction to the Battle of Britain and gained urgency during the nuclear proliferation era. Later changed to the "Continuation of Government," it holds the principle of "establishing defined procedures that allow a government to continue its essential operations during catastrophic events."

PSPS – 006 PSPS Preparation – Identify Continuation of Government Personnel

Date Implemented: 1 August 2020 Date Revised: 1 August 2020

Identify Continuation of Government* staff before a PSPS since it will make PSPS planning and communication much easier and clarify which employees should report to work during this event.

- Determine district critical <u>staff</u> required for maintaining COE's/district's core mission and safety during a PSPS and who can fill the functions listed in PSPS-005.
 - O Payroll processing
 - O Facility monitoring (facility security, refrigerators, swimming pools)
 - O Child nutrition/food Service (managing frozen stock)
 - O Generator monitoring / fuel monitoring
 - O Purchasing/procurement
 - O IT infrastructure monitoring/data backup restoration
 - O General employee safety monitoring since many of these functions might require the use of makeshift processes.
 - O Establishment of fire watch** duties for buildings that do not have fire alarm service and are inhabited by employees during a PSPS.
 - O County office of emergency services (COE only)
 - O COE agency representative(s)



- ☐ Notify respective employees who are considered essential staff and must appear to work as identified emergency service workers.
- □ Notify essential staff to keep vehicle fuel tanks full.

^{*} Continuity of Government was developed during WWII in reaction to the Battle of Britain and gained urgency during the nuclear proliferation era. Later changed to the "Continuation of Government," it holds the principle of "establishing defined procedures that allow a government to continue its essential operations during catastrophic events."

^{**} Fire watch: Fire watch is when a person is assigned to keep watch on hot work and fire hazards in an area that does not have automatic fire warning systems or fire suppression systems. See US Department of Labor / Occupational Safety and Health Administration requirements for established policy, assignment, and training at https://www.osha.gov/laws-regs/regu-lations/standardnumber/1915/1915.504

PSPS – 007 PSPS Preparation – Purchasing/Vendors

Date I	mplemented: 1 August 2020	Date Revised: 1 August 2020
	g a PSPS, a number of considerations planning.	related to purchasing and vendor management require ad-
	Establish/maintain an open purchase of outage or PSPS.	rder for portable toilets in the event of a mid-day local power
	Establish/maintain an open purchase of that do not have potable water during a	rder for bottled water (individual and staff room size) for schools power outage.
	Maintain list of primary vendor contact perishables, fuel, etc.).	ts for stop delivery notifications in the middle of a PSPS (food,

PSPS – 008 PSPS Preparation – Facility Preparation

Date I	mplemented: 1 August 2020 Date Revised: 1 August 2020
Durin	g a PSPS, a number of considerations related to facilities require advance planning.
	Utilize/identify facility closure procedure for summer
	Disable heating, ventilation, air conditioning (HVAC) services in buildings.
	Close windows
	Secure gym and other community use facilities.
	Identify perishable goods location and whether those goods are to be saved, or distributed to families.
	Identify existing generators and their electrical capability.
	Identify portable generators and where they would be located/utilized in a PSPS.
	Prepare any transportation vehicles by keeping fuel tanks at least half-full.
	Create a backup fuel plan utilizing fuel tanks (gasoline, diesel) from available pool vehicles.

PSPS Event

PSPS – 009 PSPS Event – Coordination & Management

Date in	npiemented: 1 August 2020 Date Revised: 1 August 2020
During	a long term power outage/PSPS, the following activities should be monitored.
	District incident commander establishes a daily check-in with essential staff
	District incident commander establishes a situation status worksheet
	District incident commander establishes with county office of education and/or county office of emergency services schools Agency Representative (AREP).
	District incident commander notifies staff, community, parents regarding school status.

Post PSPS Event

PSPS – 010 Post PSPS Event – After Action & Improvement Plan

Date Implemented: 1 August 2020 Date Revised: 1 August 2020

An After Action report is essential to PSPS plan improvement.

- ☐ After-action reports are essential; build time for them.
- ☐ Conduct after-action briefings or meetings.
- ☐ Review response actions.
- ☐ Suggest necessary modifications to plans and procedures in the form of improvements rather than deficiencies.
- ☐ Identify training gaps.
- ☐ Identify infrastructure issues related to PSPS actions.
- ☐ Highlight accomplishments.
- ☐ Complete an improvement schedule (example below).



An example improvement schedule matrix table in Microsoft Word format, to be performed during and after the after-action report, is available from:

https://www.calhospitalprepare.org/sites/main/files/resources/Improvement%20Plan%20Matrix.DOC

Post PSPS Event

Improvement Plan (IP) Matrix

Observation	Recommendation	Corrective Action Description	Capability Element	Primary Responsible Party	Responsible Party POC	Start Date	Completion Date
Capability 1: [Capab	pility Name]						
	1. Recommendation	1. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
Observation 1.1.1:		2. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
Observation 1.1.1.	2. Recommendation	1. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
		2. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
	3. Recommendation	1. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
Observation 1.1.2:		2. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
Capability 2: [Capab	pility Name]			<u>'</u>		•	<u>'</u>
	1. Recommendation	1. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
Ob		2. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
Observation 2.1.1:	2. Recommendation	1. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
		2. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
01 0.1.0	Recommendation	1. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
Observation 2.1.2:		2. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
Capability 3: [Capab	pility Name]						'
	1. Recommendation	1. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
Ob		2. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
Observation 3.1.1:	2. Recommendation	1. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
		2. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
Observation 0.4.3	: 3. Recommendation	1. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date
Observation 3.1.2:		2. Corrective Action	Element	Facility/Dept	Position	Date	Date

Post PSPS Event

PSPS – 011 Post PSPS Event - Submit J-13A form to California Department of Education

Date Implemented: 1 August 2020 Date Revised: 1 August 2020

After-a	action reports are essential to PSPS plan improvement.
	Determine whether affected district(s) are able to submit an Average Daily Atendance (ADA) J-13 form from the California Department of Education.
	Obtain any city or county emergency proclamations associated with the PSPS.
	Have attendance accounting staff review the following CDE websites:
	O Instructional time and attendance accounting https://www.cde.ca.gov/fg/aa/pa/instructionaltime.asp
	O Instructional time penalty calculation https://www.cde.ca.gov/fg/au/ag/statecomp.asp#eaf
	O Request for Allowance of Attendance Due to Emergency Conditions (Form J-13A) https://www.cde.ca.gov/fg/aa/pa/j13a.asp
	O Education Audit Appeals Panel <i>Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting</i> http://eaap.ca.gov/audit-guide/current-audit-guide-booklet/
	Direct questions to: attendanceaccounting@cde.ca.gov.